

PATENT  
Atty. Dkt. No. YOR920040007US1RECEIVED  
CENTRAL FAX CENTER

DEC 29 2008

IN THE CLAIMS

1. - 34. (Cancelled)

35. (Currently Amended) An automated method for allocating resources among a plurality of resource-using computational entities in a data processing system, the method comprising:

establishing a service-level utility for each of said plurality of resource-using computational entities, wherein the service-level utility is representative of an amount of business value obtained by each of said plurality of resource-using computational entities for one or more levels of performance and demand associated with each resource-using computational entity;

transforming said service-level utility into a resource-level utility for each of said plurality of resource-using computational entities, wherein the resource-level utility is representative of an amount of business value obtained by each of said plurality of resource-using computational entities when a quantity of said resources is allocated to the resource-using computational entity, wherein the resource-level utility indicates, for at least one of said plurality of resource-using computational entities, an estimated cumulative discounted or undiscounted future utility starting from current state descriptions of said at least one resource-using computational entity, wherein said estimated cumulative discounted or undiscounted future utility is trained on a temporal sequence of observed data using an adaptive machine learning procedure;

aggregating said resource-level utilities of all of said plurality of resource-using computational entities;

computing a resource allocation from said resource-level utilities, as aggregated utility information, by executing an optimization method to maximize a total utility of said data processing system, wherein said resource allocation involves re-allocating at least one of said resources from one of said plurality of resource-using computational entities to another of said resource-using computational entities, wherein said optimization method comprises a standard linear or nonlinear algorithm, and wherein said computing

PATENT

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further comprises computing a cost that is expected to be incurred as a result of said re-allocating; and

executing and conveying to the plurality of resource-using computational entities said resource allocation.